

Question ID c7593483

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: c7593483

In a bag, there are **7** red, **4** white, **33** blue, and **33** yellow cubes. If one of these cubes is selected at random, what is the probability of selecting a cube that is neither blue nor yellow?

- A. $\frac{6}{7}$
- B. $\frac{7}{11}$
- C. $\frac{1}{3}$
- D. $\frac{1}{7}$

ID: c7593483 Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. It’s given that there are **7** red, **4** white, **33** blue, and **33** yellow cubes in the bag. Therefore, there are a total of **7 + 4 + 33 + 33**, or **77**, cubes in the bag. If the cube is neither blue nor yellow, then it must be either red or white. Therefore, the probability of selecting a cube that is neither blue nor yellow is equivalent to the probability of selecting a cube that is either red or white. If one of these cubes is selected at random, the probability of selecting a cube that is either red or white is equal to the sum of the number of red cubes and white cubes divided by the total number of cubes in the bag. There are **7** red cubes, **4** white cubes, and **77** total cubes in the bag. Therefore, the probability of selecting a red or white cube is $\frac{7+4}{77}$, which is equivalent to $\frac{11}{77}$, or $\frac{1}{7}$. Thus, if one cube is selected at random, the probability of selecting a cube that is neither blue nor yellow is $\frac{1}{7}$.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the probability of selecting a cube that is either blue or yellow, rather than the probability of selecting a cube that is neither blue nor yellow.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID 40c8528e

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: 40c8528e

At a conference, there are a total of **275** attendees. Each attendee is assigned to either group A, group B, or group C. If one of these attendees is selected at random, the probability of selecting an attendee who is assigned to group A is **0.44** and the probability of selecting an attendee who is assigned to group B is **0.24**. How many attendees are assigned to group C?

ID: 40c8528e Answer

Correct Answer: 88

Rationale

The correct answer is **88**. It's given that there are a total of **275** attendees and each attendee is assigned to either group A, group B, or group C. It's also given that if one of these attendees is selected at random, the probability of selecting an attendee who is assigned to group A is **0.44** and the probability of selecting an attendee who is assigned to group B is **0.24**. It follows that there are **0.44(275)**, or **121**, attendees who are assigned to group A and **0.24(275)**, or **66**, attendees who are assigned to group B. The number of attendees who are assigned to group C is the number of attendees who are not assigned to group A or group B. In other words, the number of attendees who are assigned to group C is the total number of attendees minus the number of attendees who are assigned to group A and group B. Therefore, the number of attendees who are assigned to group C is **275 — 121 — 66**, or **88**.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID 4f608143

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: 4f608143

A box contains **13** red pens and **37** blue pens. If one of these pens is selected at random, what is the probability of selecting a red pen? (Express your answer as a decimal or fraction, not as a percent.)

ID: 4f608143 Answer

Correct Answer: .26, 13/50

Rationale

The correct answer is $\frac{13}{50}$. It's given that a box contains **13** red pens and **37** blue pens. If one of these pens is selected at random, the probability of selecting a red pen is the number of red pens in the box divided by the number of red and blue pens in the box. The number of red and blue pens in the box is **13 + 37**, or **50**. Since there are **13** red pens in the box, it follows that the probability of selecting a red pen is $\frac{13}{50}$. Note that 13/50 and .26 are examples of ways to enter a correct answer.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID 4bbd90f3

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: 4bbd90f3

The table summarizes the distribution of color and shape for **100** tiles of equal area.

	Red	Blue	Yellow	Total
Square	10	20	25	55
Pentagon	20	10	15	45
Total	30	30	40	100

If one of these tiles is selected at random, what is the probability of selecting a red tile? (Express your answer as a decimal or fraction, not as a percent.)

ID: 4bbd90f3 Answer

Correct Answer: 0.3, 3/10

Rationale

The correct answer is $\frac{3}{10}$. It's given that there are a total of **100** tiles of equal area, which is the total number of possible outcomes. According to the table, there are a total of **30** red tiles. The probability of an event occurring is the ratio of the number of favorable outcomes to the total number of possible outcomes. By definition, the probability of selecting a red tile is given by $\frac{30}{100}$, or $\frac{3}{10}$. Note that 3/10 and .3 are examples of ways to enter a correct answer.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID 66bd59b5

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: 66bd59b5

At a movie theater, there are a total of **350** customers. Each customer is located in either theater A, theater B, or theater C. If one of these customers is selected at random, the probability of selecting a customer who is located in theater A is **0.48**, and the probability of selecting a customer who is located in theater B is **0.24**. How many customers are located in theater C?

- A. **28**
- B. **40**
- C. **84**
- D. **98**

ID: 66bd59b5 Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. It’s given that at a movie theater, there are a total of **350** customers and that each customer is located in either theater A, theater B, or theater C. If the probability of selecting a customer in theater A is **0.48**, then **(0.48)(350)**, or **168**, customers are located in theater A. If the probability of selecting a customer in theater B is **0.24**, then **(0.24)(350)**, or **84**, customers are located in theater B. It follows that there are **168 + 84**, or **252**, customers in theater A and theater B. Therefore, there are **350 – 252**, or **98**, customers in theater C.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the percent, not the number, of the customers that are located in theater C.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect. This is the number of customers that are located in theater B, not theater C.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID 79c54a4d

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	Probability and conditional probability	Medium

ID: 79c54a4d

Each vertex of a **14**-sided polygon is labeled with one of the **14** letters ***A*** through ***N***, with a different letter at each vertex. If one vertex is selected at random, what is the probability that the letter ***D*** will be at the selected vertex? (Express your answer as a decimal or fraction, not as a percent.)

ID: 79c54a4d Answer

Correct Answer: .0714, 1/14

Rationale

The correct answer is $\frac{1}{14}$. If one vertex of the polygon is selected at random, the probability that the letter ***D*** will be at the selected vertex is equal to the number of vertices labeled with the letter ***D*** divided by the total number of vertices. It's given that each vertex is labeled with one of the **14** letters ***A*** through ***N***, with a different letter at each vertex. It follows that there is **1** vertex labeled with the letter ***D***. It's also given that the polygon is **14**-sided. It follows that there are a total of **14** vertices. Thus, the probability that the letter ***D*** will be at the selected vertex is $\frac{1}{14}$. Note that 1/14, .0714, and 0.071 are examples of ways to enter a correct answer.

Question Difficulty: Medium